# 8. ER-2020 D.Pharm Syllabus – Part II

No.CodeTheory / Practical HoursTutorial Practical HoursPractical Hours per Week1.ER20-21TPharmacology – Theory7525312.ER20-21PPharmacology – Practical50-2-3.ER20-22TCommunity Pharmacy & Management – Theory7525314.ER20-22PCommunity Pharmacy & Management – Practical7525315.ER20-23TBiochemistry & Clinical Pathology – Theory7525316.ER20-23PBiochemistry & Clinical Pathology – Practical50-2-7.ER20-24TPharmacotherapeutics Pathology – Theory7525318.ER20-24PPharmacotherapeutics Pathology – Practical7525319.ER20-25FHospital & Clinical Pharmacy – Theory75253110.ER20-25PHospital & Clinical Pharmacy – Practical75253111.ER20-26TPharmacy Law & Pharmacy Law &752531	S.	Course	Name of the Course	Total	Total	Theory /	Tutorial
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## PHARMACOLOGY – THEORY

#### Course Code: ER20-21T

#### 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

**Scope:** This course provides basic knowledge about different classes of drugs available for the pharmacotherapy of common diseases. The indications for use, dosage regimen, routes of administration, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and contraindications of the drugs discussed in this course are vital for successful professional practice.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following:

- 1. General concepts of pharmacology including pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, routes of administration, etc.
- 2. Pharmacological classification and indications of drugs
- 3. Dosage regimen, mechanisms of action, contraindications of drugs
- 4. Common adverse effects of drugs

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

1. Describe the basic concepts of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics2. Enlist the various classes and drugs of choices for any given disease condition

- 3. Advice the dosage regimen, route of administration and contraindications for a given drug
- 4. Describe the common adverse drug reactions

Chapter	Торіс	Hours
1	General Pharmacology	10
	<ul> <li>Introduction and scope of Pharmacology</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Various routes of drug administration - advantages and disadvantages</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Drug absorption - definition, types, factors affecting drug absorption</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Bioavailability and the factors affecting bioavailability</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Drug distribution - definition, factors affecting drug distribution</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Biotransformation of drugs - Definition, types of biotransformation reactions, factors influencing drug metabolisms</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Excretion of drugs - Definition, routes of drug excretion</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>General mechanisms of drug action and factors modifying drug action</li> </ul>	

2	<ul> <li>Drugs Acting on the Peripheral Nervous System</li> <li>Steps involved in neurohumoral transmission</li> <li>Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications, and contraindications of</li> </ul>	11
	<ul> <li>a) Cholinergic drugs</li> <li>b) Anti-Cholinergic drugs</li> <li>c) Adrenergic drugs</li> <li>d) Anti-adrenergic drugs</li> <li>e) Neuromuscular blocking agents</li> <li>f) Drugs used in Myasthenia gravis</li> <li>g) Local anaesthetic agents</li> <li>h) Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)</li> </ul>	
3	<ul> <li>Drugs Acting on the Eye</li> <li>Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications and contraindications of</li> <li>Miotics</li> <li>Mydriatics</li> <li>Drugs used in Glaucoma</li> </ul>	2
4	<ul> <li>Drugs Acting on the Central Nervous System</li> <li>Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications, and contraindications of <ul> <li>General anaesthetics</li> <li>Hypnotics and sedatives</li> <li>Anti-Convulsant drugs</li> <li>Anti-anxiety drugs</li> <li>Anti-depressant drugs</li> <li>Anti-psychotics</li> <li>Nootropic agents</li> <li>Centrally acting muscle relaxants</li> <li>Opioid analgesics</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	8
5	<ul> <li>Drugs Acting on the Cardiovascular System</li> <li>Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications, and contraindications of <ul> <li>Anti-hypertensive drugs</li> <li>Anti-anginal drugs</li> <li>Anti-arrhythmic drugs</li> <li>Drugs used in atherosclerosis and</li> <li>Congestive heart failure</li> <li>Drug therapy for shock</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	6

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6	Drugs Acting on Blood and Blood Forming Organs	4
	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose,	
	indications, and contraindications of	
	Hematinic agents	
	Anti-coagulants	
	Anti-platelet agents	
	Thrombolytic drugs	
7	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose,	2
	indications, and contraindications of	
	Bronchodilators	
	Expectorants	
	Anti-tussive agents	
	Mucolytic agents	
8	Drugs Acting on the Gastro Intestinal Tract	5
	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose,	
	indications, and contraindications of	
	Anti-ulcer drugs	
	Anti-emetics	
	<ul> <li>Laxatives and purgatives</li> </ul>	
	Anti-diarrheal drugs	
9	Drugs Acting on the Kidney	2
	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose,	
	indications, and contraindications of	
	Diuretics	
	Anti-Diuretics	
10	Hormones and Hormone Antagonists	8
	Physiological and pathological role and clinical uses of	
	Thyroid hormones	
	Anti-thyroid drugs	
	Parathormone	
	Calcitonin	
	Vitamin D	
	• Insulin	
	Oral hypoglycemic agents	
	<ul> <li>Estrogen</li> </ul>	
	Progesterone	
	Oxytocin	
	Corticosteroids	

11	Autocoids	3
	<ul> <li>Physiological role of Histamine, 5 HT and</li> </ul>	
	Prostaglandins	
	<ul> <li>Classification, clinical uses, and adverse effects of antihistamines and 5 HT antagonists</li> </ul>	
12	Chemotherapeutic Agents: Introduction, basic principles	12
	of chemotherapy of infections, infestations and neoplastic	
	diseases, Classification, dose, indication and	
	contraindications of drugs belonging to following classes:	
	Penicillins	
	Cephalosporins	
	Aminoglycosides	
	Fluoroquinolones	
	Macrolides	
	Tetracyclines	
	Sulphonamides	
	Anti-tubercular drugs	
	Anti-fungal drugs	
	Anti-viral drugs	
	Anti-amoebic agents	
	Anthelmintics	
	Anti-malarial agents	
	Anti-neoplastic agents	
13	Biologicals	2
	Definition, types, and indications of biological agents with	
	examples	

# PHARMACOLOGY - PRACTICAL

#### Course Code: ER20-21P

#### 50 Hours (2 Hours/week)

**Scope:** This course provides the basic understanding about the uses, mechanisms of actions, dose dependent responses of drugs in simulated virtual animal models and experimental conditions.

**Course Objectives:** This course will demonstrate / provide hands-on experience in the virtual platform using appropriate software on the following

- 1. Study of pharmacological effects of drugs like local anaesthetics, mydriatic and mitotic on rabbit eye
- 2. Screening the effects of various drugs acting in the central nervous system
- 3. Study of drug effects on isolated organs / tissues
- 4. Study of pyrogen testing on rabbit

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Study and report the local anaesthetic, mydriatic and mitotic effects of the given drug on the rabbit eye
- 2. Choose appropriate animal experiment model to study the effects of the given drugs acting on the central nervous system and submit the report
- 3. Perform the effects of given tissues (simulated) on isolated organs / tissues and interpret the results
- 4. Interpret the dose dependent responses of drugs in various animal experiment models

# Practicals

# Introduction to the following topics pertaining to the experimental pharmacology have to be discussed and documented in the practical manuals.

- 1. Introduction to experimental pharmacology
- 2. Study of laboratory animals
  - (a) Mice; (b) Rats; (c) Guinea pigs; (d) Rabbits
- 3. Commonly used instruments in experimental pharmacology
- 4. Different routes of administration of drugs in animals
- 5. Types of pre-clinical experiments: In-Vivo, In-Vitro, Ex-Vivo, etc.
- 6. Techniques of blood collection from animals

#### Experiments

**Note:** Animals shall not be used for doing / demonstrating any of the experiments given. The given experiments shall be carried- out / demonstrated as the case may be, ONLY with the use of software program(s) such as 'Ex Pharm' or any other suitable software

- 1. Study of local anaesthetics on rabbit eye
- 2. Study of Mydriatic effect on rabbit eye
- 3. Study of Miotic effect on rabbit eye
- 4. Effect of analgesics using Analgesiometer
- 5. Study of analgesic activity by writhing test
- 6. Screening of anti-convulsant using Electro Convulsiometer
- 7. Screening of Muscle relaxants using Rota-Rod apparatus
- 8. Screening of CNS stimulants and depressants using Actophotometer
- 9. Study of anxiolytic activity using elevated plus maze method
- 10. Study of effect of drugs (any 2) on isolated heart
- 11. Effect of drugs on ciliary motility on frog's buccal cavity
- 12. Pyrogen testing by rabbit method

# Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

- 1. Introduction to Allergy Testing
- 2. Introduction to Toxicity Studies
- 3. Drug Facts Labels of US FDA
- 4. Pre-clinical studies in new drug development
- 5. Medicines and meals: Before or After food
- 6. Pre-clinical studies in new drug development
- 7. Drugs available as paediatric formulations
- 8. Drug information apps

## COMMUNITY PHARMACY AND MANAGEMENT – THEORY

#### Course Code: ER20-22T

#### 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

**Scope:** The course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills to provide various pharmaceutical care services to patients and general practitioners in the community setup.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following:

- 1. Establishing and running a community pharmacy and its legal requirements
- 2. Professional aspects of handling and filling prescriptions
- 3. Patient counselling on diseases, prescription and or non-prescription medicines
- 4. Scope for performing basic health screening in community pharmacy settings

- 1. Describe the establishment, legal requirements, and effective administration of a community pharmacy
- 2. Professionally handle prescriptions and dispense medications
- 3. Counsel patients about the disease, prescription and or non-prescription medicines
- 4. Perform basic health screening on patients and interpret the reports in the community pharmacy settings

Chapter	Торіс	Hours
1	<b>Community Pharmacy Practice</b> – Definition, history and development of community pharmacy - International and Indian scenarios	2
2	Professional responsibilities of community pharmacists Introduction to the concept of Good Pharmacy Practice and SOPs.	3
3	<ul> <li>Prescription and prescription handling</li> <li>Definition, parts of prescriptions, legality of prescriptions, prescription handling, labelling of dispensed medications (Main label, ancillary label, pictograms), brief instructions on medication usage</li> <li>Dispensing process, Good Dispensing Practices, dispensing errors and strategies to minimize them</li> </ul>	7

1	4	Communication skills	6
		<ul> <li>Definition, types of communication skills</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Interactions with professionals and patients</li> </ul>	
		• Verbal communication skills (one-to-one, over the	
		telephone)	
		Written communication skills	
		Body language	
		<ul> <li>Patient interview techniques</li> </ul>	
	5	Patient counselling	10
	-	<ul> <li>Definition and benefits of patient counselling</li> </ul>	-
		<ul> <li>Stages of patient counselling - Introduction, counselling</li> </ul>	
		content, counselling process, and closing the counselling	
		session	
		• Barriers to effective counseling - Types and strategies	
		to overcome the barriers	
		Patient counselling points for chronic	
1		diseases/disorders - Hypertension, Diabetes, Asthma,	
		Tuberculosis, Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, and	
		AIDS	
		• Patient Package Inserts - Definition, importance and	
		benefits, Scenarios of PPI use in India and other countries	
		Patient Information leaflets - Definition and uses	
i	6	Medication Adherence	2
ļ		Definition, factors influencing non-adherence, strategies to	
	7	overcome non-adherence	5
I	1	Health Screening Services in Community Pharmacy	ວ
		Introduction, scope, and importance of various health screening services - for routine monitoring of patients, early detection, and	
ļ		referral of undiagnosed cases	
	9	Over The Counter (OTC) Medications	15
	5	Definition, need and role of Pharmacists in OTC medication	15
		dispensing	
		OTC medications in India, counseling for OTC products	
		<ul> <li>Self-medication and role of pharmacists in promoting the</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Self-medication and role of pharmacists in promoting the safe practices during self-medication</li> </ul>	
I		<ul> <li>Responding to symptoms, minor ailments, and advice for</li> </ul>	
l		self-care in conditions such as - Pain management,	
		Cough, Cold, Diarrhea, Constipation, Vomiting, Fever,	
		Sore throat, Skin disorders, Oral health (mouth ulcers,	
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		dental pain aum swelling)	
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		dental pain, gum swelling)	

10	Community Pharmacy Management	
	Legal requirements to set up a community pharmacy	25
	Site selection requirements	
	Pharmacy designs and interiors	
	Vendor selection and ordering	
	Procurement, inventory control methods, and inventory management	
	Financial planning and management	
	<ul> <li>Accountancy in community pharmacy – Day book, Cash book</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Introduction to pharmacy operation softwares – usefulness and availability</li> </ul>	
	Customer Relation Management (CRM)	
	Audits in Pharmacies	
	SOP of Pharmacy Management	
	Introduction to Digital Health, mHealth and Online pharmacies	

#### COMMUNITY PHARMACY AND MANAGEMENT – PRACTICAL

#### Course Code: ER20-22P

#### 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

**Scope:** The course is designed to train the students and improve professional skills to provide various pharmaceuticalcare services in community pharmacy.

Course Objectives: This course will train the students in the following

- 1. Professional handling and filling prescriptions
- 2. Patient counselling on diseases and minor ailments
- 3. Patient counselling on prescription and / or non-prescription medicines
- 4. Preparation of counselling materials such as patient information leaflets
- 5. Performing basic health screening tests

- 1. Handle and fill prescriptions in a professional manner
- 2. Counsel patients on various diseases and minor ailments
- 3. Counsel patients on prescription and or non-prescription medicines
- 4. Design and prepare patient information leaflets
- 5. Perform basic health screening tests

# Practicals

**Note:** The following practicals shall be carried out in the model community pharmacy with appropriate simulated scenarios and materials. Students shall be trained through role plays wherever necessary. The activities of the students shall be assessed / evaluated using a structured objective assessment form.

- 1. Handling of prescriptions with professional standards, reviewing prescriptions, checking for legal compliance and completeness (minimum 5)
- 2. Identification of drug-drug interactions in the prescription and follow-up actions (minimum 2)
- 3. Preparation of dispensing labels and auxiliary labels for the prescribed medications (minimum 5)
- 4. Providing the following health screening services for monitoring patients / detecting new patients (one experiment for each activity)

Blood Pressure Recording, Capillary Blood Glucose Monitoring, Lung function assessment using Peak Flow Meter and incentive spirometer, recording capillary oxygen level using Pulse Oximeter, BMI measurement

5. Providing counselling to simulated patients for the following chronic diseases / disorders including education on the use of devices such as insulin pen, inhalers, spacers, nebulizers, etc. where appropriate (one experiment for each disease)

Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus, Primary Hypertension, Asthma, Hyperlipidaemia, Rheumatoid Arthritis

6. Providing counselling to simulated patients for the following minor ailments (any three)

Headache, GI disturbances (Nausea, Vomiting, Dyspepsia, diarrhoea, constipation), Worm infestations, Pyrexia, Upper Respiratory Tract infections, Skin infections, Oral and dental disorders.

- 7 Appropriate handling of dummy dosage forms with correct administration techniques oral liquids with measuring cup/cap/dropper, Eye Drops, Inhalers, Nasal drops, Insulin pen, nebulizers, different types of tablets, patches, enemas, suppositories
- 8 Use of Community Pharmacy Software and digital health tools

#### Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

1. SOPs for various activities in Community Pharmacy (as discussed in Theory and Practical)

- 2. List out the various abbreviations, short forms used in prescriptions and their interpretation
- 3. Patient Information Leaflet for a given chronic disease / disorder
- 4. Patient Information Leaflet for prescription / non-prescription medicines
- 5. Preparation of window / shelf display materials for the model community pharmacy
- 6. Overview of Software available for retail pharmacy management including billing, inventory, etc.
- 7. Dosage / Medication Reminder Aids
- 8. Overview on the operations and marketing strategies of various online pharmacies
- 9. Overview on the common fixed dose combinations
- 10. Overview on the medications requiring special storage conditions
- 11. Role of Community Pharmacists in preventing Antimicrobial Resistance
- 12. Jan Aushadhi and other Generic Medicine initiatives in India
- 13. Global Overview of Online Pharmacies
- 14. Community Pharmacy Practice Standards: Global Vs. Indian Scenario
- 15. Overview of pharmacy associations in India

# Field Visit

The students shall be taken in groups to visit community pharmacies and medicine distributors to understand and witness the professional activities of the community pharmacists, and supply chain logistics. Individual reports from each student on their learning experience from the field visit shall be submitted.

# **BIOCHEMISTRY & CLINICAL PATHOLOGY – THEORY**

#### Course Code: ER20-23T

#### 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

**Scope:** This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on the study of structure and functions of biomolecules and the chemical processes associated with living cells in normal and abnormal states. The course also emphasizes on the clinical pathology of blood and urine.

**Course Objectives:** This course will discuss the following at the fundamental level

- 1. Structure and functions of biomolecules
- 2. Catalytic activity, diagnostic and therapeutic importance of enzymes
- 3. Metabolic pathways of biomolecules in health and illness (metabolic disorders)
- 4. Biochemical principles of organ function tests and their clinical significance
- 5. Qualitative and quantitative determination of biomolecules / metabolites in the biological sample
- 6. Clinical pathology of blood and urine

- 1. Describe the functions of biomolecules
- 2. Discuss the various functions of enzymes in the human system
- 3. Explain the metabolic pathways of biomolecules in both physiological and pathological conditions
- 4. Describe the principles of organ function tests and their clinical significances
- 5. Determine the biomolecules / metabolites in the given biological samples, both qualitatively and quantitatively
- 6. Describe the clinical pathology of blood and urine

Chapter	Торіс	Hours
1	<b>Introduction to biochemistry</b> : Scope of biochemistry in pharmacy; Cell and its biochemical organization.	2
2	<ul> <li>Carbohydrates</li> <li>Definition, classification with examples, chemical properties</li> <li>Monosaccharides - Structure of glucose, fructose, and galactose</li> <li>Disaccharides - structure of maltose, lactose, and sucrose</li> <li>Polysaccharides - chemical nature of starch and glycogen</li> <li>Qualitative tests and biological role of carbohydrates</li> </ul>	5

3	Proteins	5
	<ul> <li>Definition, classification of proteins based on</li> </ul>	
	composition and solubility with examples	
	• Definition, classification of amino acids based on	
	chemical nature and nutritional requirements with	
	examples	
	• Structure of proteins (four levels of organization of	
	protein structure)	
	Qualitative tests and biological role of proteins and	
	amino acids	
	<ul> <li>Diseases related to malnutrition of proteins.</li> </ul>	
4	Lipids	5
	<ul> <li>Definition, classification with examples</li> </ul>	
	• Structure and properties of triglycerides (oils and fats)	
	<ul> <li>Fatty acid classification - Based on</li> </ul>	
	chemical and nutritional requirements with	
	examples	
	<ul> <li>Structure and functions of cholesterol in the body</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Lipoproteins - types, composition and functions in the</li> </ul>	
	body	
	<ul> <li>Qualitative tests and functions of lipids</li> </ul>	
5	Nucleic acids	4
	<ul> <li>Definition, purine and pyrimidine bases</li> </ul>	
	Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with	
	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> </ul>	
6	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> </ul>	5
6	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5
6	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5
6	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5
6	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors</li> <li>Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5
	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors</li> <li>Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of enzymes</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
6	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors</li> <li>Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of enzymes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vitamins</li> </ul>	5
	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors</li> <li>Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of enzymes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vitamins         <ul> <li>Definition and classification with examples</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors</li> <li>Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of enzymes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vitamins         <ul> <li>Definition and classification with examples</li> <li>Sources, chemical nature, functions, coenzyme form,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors</li> <li>Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of enzymes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vitamins         <ul> <li>Definition and classification with examples</li> <li>Sources, chemical nature, functions, coenzyme form, recommended dietary requirements, deficiency</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
7	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors</li> <li>Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of enzymes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vitamins         <ul> <li>Definition and classification with examples</li> <li>Sources, chemical nature, functions, coenzyme form, recommended dietary requirements, deficiency diseases of fat-and water-soluble vitamins</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	6
	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors</li> <li>Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of enzymes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vitamins         <ul> <li>Definition and classification with examples</li> <li>Sources, chemical nature, functions, coenzyme form, recommended dietary requirements, deficiency diseases of fat-and water-soluble vitamins</li> </ul> </li> <li>Metabolism (Study of cycle/pathways without chemical</li> </ul>	
7	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors</li> <li>Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of enzymes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vitamins         <ul> <li>Definition and classification with examples</li> <li>Sources, chemical nature, functions, coenzyme form, recommended dietary requirements, deficiency diseases of fat-and water-soluble vitamins</li> </ul> </li> <li>Metabolism (Study of cycle/pathways without chemical structures)</li> </ul>	6
7	<ul> <li>Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples</li> <li>Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions</li> <li>Enzymes         <ul> <li>Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors</li> <li>Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of enzymes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vitamins         <ul> <li>Definition and classification with examples</li> <li>Sources, chemical nature, functions, coenzyme form, recommended dietary requirements, deficiency diseases of fat-and water-soluble vitamins</li> </ul> </li> <li>Metabolism (Study of cycle/pathways without chemical</li> </ul>	6

	<ul> <li>level. Diseases related to abnormal metabolism of Carbohydrates</li> <li>Metabolism of lipids: Lipolysis, β-oxidation of Fatty acid (Palmitic acid) ketogenesis and ketolysis. Diseases related to abnormal metabolism of lipids such as Ketoacidosis, Fatty liver, Hypercholesterolemia</li> <li>Metabolism of Amino acids (Proteins): General reactions of amino acids and its significance–Transamination, deamination, Urea cycle and</li> </ul>	
	decarboxylation. Diseases related to abnormal metabolism of amino acids, Disorders of ammonia metabolism, phenylketonuria, alkaptonuria and Jaundice.	
	<ul> <li>Biological oxidation: Electron transport chain and Oxidative phosphorylation</li> </ul>	
9	<b>Minerals</b> : Types, Functions, Deficiency diseases, recommended dietary requirements	05
10	<ul> <li>Water and Electrolytes</li> <li>Distribution, functions of water in the body</li> <li>Water turnover and balance</li> <li>Electrolyte composition of the body fluids, Dietary intake of electrolyte and Electrolyte balance</li> <li>Dehydration, causes of dehydration and oral rehydration therapy</li> </ul>	05
11	Introduction to Biotechnology	01
12	<ul> <li>Organ function tests</li> <li>Functions of kidney and routinely performed tests to assess the functions of kidney and their clinical significances</li> <li>Functions of liver and routinely performed tests to assess the functions of liver and their clinical significances</li> <li>Lipid profile tests and its clinical significances</li> </ul>	06
13	<ul> <li>Introduction to Pathology of Blood and Urine</li> <li>Lymphocytes and Platelets, their role in health and disease</li> <li>Erythrocytes - Abnormal cells and their significance</li> <li>Normal and Abnormal constituents of Urine and their significance</li> </ul>	06

# BIOCHEMISTRY & CLINICAL PATHOLOGY – PRACTICAL

#### Course Code: ER20-23P

#### 50 Hours (2 Hours/week)

**Scope:** This course is designed to train the students in the qualitative testing of various biomolecules and testing of biological samples for determination of normal and abnormal constituents

**Course Objectives:** This course will train and provide hands-on experiences on the following

- 1. Qualitative determination of biomolecules / metabolites in simulated biological samples
- 2. Determination of normal and abnormal constituents of simulated blood and urine samples

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Qualitatively determine the biomolecules / metabolites in the given biological samples
- 2. Determine the normal and abnormal constituents in blood and urine samples and interpret the results of such testing

#### Practicals

- 1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (4 experiments)
- 2. Qualitative analysis of Proteins and amino acids (4 experiments)
- 3. Qualitative analysis of lipids (2 experiments)
- 4. Qualitative analysis of urine for normal and abnormal constituents (4 experiments)
- Determination of constituents of urine (glucose, creatinine, chlorides) (2 experiments)
- 6. Determination of constituents of blood/serum (simulated) (Creatine, glucose, cholesterol, Calcium, Urea, SGOT/SGPT) (5 experiments)
- Study the hydrolysis of starch from acid and salivary amylase enzyme (1 experiment)

#### Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on Various Pathology Lab Reports (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

## **PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - THEORY**

#### Course Code: ER20-24T

## 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

**Scope:** This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on etiopathogenesis of common diseases and their management along with quality use of medicines.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss about

- 1. Etiopathogenesis of selected common diseases and evidence-based medicine therapy
- 2. Importance of individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis
- 3. Basic methods for assessing the clinical outcomes of drug therapy

- 1. Help assessing the subjective and objective parameters of patients in common disease conditions
- 2. Assist other healthcare providers to analyse drug related problems and provide therapeutic interventions
- 3. Participate in planning the rational medicine therapy for common diseases
- 4. Design and deliver discharge counselling for patients

Chapter	Торіс	Hours
1	Pharmacotherapeutics – Introduction, scope, and objectives.	8
	Rational use of Medicines, Evidence Based Medicine,	
	Essential Medicines List, Standard Treatment Guidelines	
	(STGs)	
2	Definition, etiopathogenesis, clinical manifestations	, non
	pharmacological and pharmacological management	of the
	diseases associated with	
	(a) Cardiovascular System	
	Hypertension	8
	<ul> <li>Angina and Myocardial infarction</li> </ul>	
	Hyperlipidaemia	
	Congestive Heart Failure	
	(b) Respiratory System	4
	Asthma	
	• COPD	
	(c) Endocrine System	5
	Diabetes	
	Thyroid disorders - Hypo and Hyperthyroidism	
	(d) Central Nervous System	8
	• Epilepsy	

Parkinson's disease	
Alzheimer's disease	
Stroke	
Migraine	
e) Gastro Intestinal Disorders	8
<ul> <li>Gastro oesophageal reflux disease</li> </ul>	
Peptic Ulcer Disease	
Alcoholic liver disease	
<ul> <li>Inflammatory Bowel Diseases (Crohn's Disease and</li> </ul>	
Ulcerative Colitis)	
(f) Haematological disorders	4
Iron deficiency anaemia	
Megaloblastic anaemia	
(g) Infectious diseases	12
Tuberculosis	
Pneumonia	
<ul> <li>Urinary tract infections</li> </ul>	
Hepatitis	
Gonorrhoea and Syphilis	
Malaria	
<ul> <li>HIV and Opportunistic infections</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Viral Infections (SARS, CoV2)</li> </ul>	
(h) Musculoskeletal disorders	3
Rheumatoid arthritis	
Osteoarthritis	
(i) Dermatology	3
Psoriasis	
Scabies	
• Eczema	
(j) Psychiatric Disorders	4
Depression	
Anxiety	
Psychosis	
(k) Ophthalmology	2
<ul> <li>Conjunctivitis (bacterial and viral)</li> </ul>	-
<ul> <li>Glaucoma</li> </ul>	
(I) Anti-microbial Resistance	2
(m) Women's Health	4
Polycystic Ovary Syndrome	-
<ul> <li>Dysmenorrhea</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Dysmenormea</li> <li>Premenstrual Syndrome</li> </ul>	

## PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS – PRACTICAL

#### Course Code: ER20-24P

## 25 Hours (1 Hour/week)

**Scope:** This course is designed to train the students in the basic skills required to support the pharmaceutical care services for selected common disease conditions.

Course Objectives: This course will train the students on

- 1. How to prepare a SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) note for clinical cases of selected common diseases
- 2. Patient counselling techniques/methods for common disease conditions

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Write SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) notes for the given clinical cases of selected common diseases
- 2. Counsel the patients about the disease conditions, uses of drugs, methods of handling and administration of drugs, life-style modifications, and monitoring parameters.

# Practicals

- I. Preparation and discussion of SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) notes for at least SIX clinical cases (real / hypothetical) of the following disease conditions.
  - 1. Hypertension
  - 2. Angina Pectoris
  - 3. Myocardial Infarction
  - 4. Hyperlipidaemia
  - 5. Rheumatoid arthritis
  - 6. Asthma
  - 7. COPD
  - 8. Diabetes
  - 9. Epilepsy
  - 10. Stroke
  - 11. Depression
  - 12. Tuberculosis
  - 13. Anaemia (any one type as covered in theory)
  - 14. Viral infection (any one type as covered in theory)
  - 15. Dermatological conditions (any one condition as covered in theory)

- II. Patient counselling exercises using role plays based on the real / hypothetical clinical case scenarios. The students are expected to provide counselling on disease condition, medications, life-style modifications, monitoring parameters, etc. and the same shall be documented. (Minimum 5 cases)
- III. Simulated cases to enable dose calculation of selected drugs in paediatrics, and geriatrics under various pathological conditions. (Minimum 4 cases)

# HOSPITAL AND CLINICAL PHARMACY – THEORY

#### Course Code: ER20-25T

## 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

**Scope:** This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge and professional skills required for facilitating various hospital and clinical pharmacy services.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss and train the students in the following

- 1. Hospital and Hospital Pharmacy organization and set-ups
- 2. Basics of hospital pharmacy services including the procurement, supply chain, storage of medicines and medical supplies
- 3. Basics of clinical pharmacy including introduction to comprehensive pharmaceutical care services
- 4. Basic interpretations of common laboratory results used in clinical diagnosis towards optimizing the drug therapy

- 1. Explain about the basic concepts of hospital pharmacy administration
- 2. Manage the supply chain and distribution of medicines within the hospital settings
- 3. Assist the other healthcare providers in monitoring drug therapy and address drug related problems
- 4. Interpret common lab investigation reports for optimizing drug therapy

S. No.	Торіс	Hours
1	<ul> <li>Hospital Pharmacy</li> <li>Definition, scope, national and international scenario</li> <li>Organisational structure</li> <li>Professional responsibilities, Qualification and experience requirements, job specifications, work-load requirements and inter professional relationships</li> <li>Good Pharmacy Practice (GPP) in hospital</li> <li>Hospital Pharmacy Standards (FIP Basel Statements, AHSP)</li> <li>Introduction to NAQS guidelines and NABH Accreditation and Role of Pharmacists</li> </ul>	6
2	<ul> <li>Different Committees in the Hospital</li> <li>Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee - Objectives, Composition, and functions</li> <li>Hospital Formulary - Definition, procedure for development and use of hospital formulary</li> </ul>	4

	Infection Control Committee – Role of Pharmacist in preventing Antimicrobial Resistance	
4	Supply Chain and Inventory Control	14
	<ul> <li>Preparation of Drug lists - High Risk drugs, Emergency drugs, Schedule H1 drugs, NDPS drugs, reserved antibiotics</li> <li>Procedures of Drug Purchases – Drug selection, short term, long term, and tender/e-tender process, quotations, etc.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Inventory control techniques: Economic Order Quantity, Reorder Quantity Level, Inventory Turnover etc.</li> <li>Inventory Management of Central Drug Store – Storage conditions, Methods of storage, Distribution, Maintaining Cold Chain, Devices used for cold storage (Refrigerator, ILR, Walk-in-Cold rooms)</li> <li>FEFO, FIFO methods</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Expiry drug removal and handling, and disposal. Disposal of Narcotics, cytotoxic drugs</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Documentation - purchase and inventory</li> </ul>	
5	Drug distribution	7
	<ul> <li>Drug distribution (in- patients and out - patients) – Definition, advantages and disadvantages of individual prescription order method, Floor Stock Method, Unit Dose Drug Distribution Method, Drug Basket Method.</li> <li>Distribution of drugs to ICCU/ICU/NICU/Emergency wards.</li> <li>Automated drug dispensing systems and devices</li> <li>Distribution of Narcotic and Psychotropic substances and their storage</li> </ul>	
6	Compounding in Hospitals. Bulk compounding, IV admixture services and incompatibilities, Total parenteral nutrition	4
7	Radio Pharmaceuticals - Storage, dispensing and disposal of radiopharmaceuticals	2
8	Application of computers in Hospital Pharmacy Practice, Electronic health records, Softwares used in hospital pharmacy	2
9	Clinical Pharmacy: Definition, scope, and development - in India and other countries Technical definitions, common terminologies used in clinical settings and their significance such as Paediatrics, Geriatric, Anti-natal Care, Post-natal Care, etc.	12

	Daily activities of clinical pharmacists: Definition, goal, and	
	procedure of	
	Ward round participation	
	Treatment Chart Review	
	Adverse drug reaction monitoring	
	Drug information and poisons information	
	Medication history	
	Patient counselling	
	<ul> <li>Interprofessional collaboration</li> </ul>	
	<b>Pharmaceutical care</b> : Definition, classification of drug related problems. Principles and procedure to provide pharmaceutical care	
	Medication Therapy Management, Home Medication Review	
10	Clinical laboratory tests used in the evaluation of disease	10
	states - significance and interpretation of test results	
	Haematological, Liver function, Renal function, thyroid	
	function tests	
	Tests associated with cardiac disorders	
	Fluid and electrolyte balance	
	Pulmonary Function Tests	
11	<b>Poisoning</b> : Types of poisoning: Clinical manifestations and	6
	Antidotes	
	Drugs and Poison Information Centre and their services –	
	Definition, Requirements, Information resources with examples, and their advantages and disadvantages	
12	Pharmacovigilance	2
	<ul> <li>Definition, aim and scope</li> </ul>	-
	<ul> <li>Overview of Pharmacovigilance</li> </ul>	
13	Medication errors: Definition, types, consequences, and	6
	strategies to minimize medication errors, LASA drugs and	-
	Tallman lettering as per ISMP	
	<b>Drug Interactions:</b> Definition, types, clinical significance of drug interactions	

## HOSPITAL AND CLINICAL PHARMACY – PRACTICAL

#### Course Code: ER20-25P

#### 25 Hours (1 Hour / Week)

**Scope:** This course is designed to train the students to assist other healthcare providers in the basic services of hospital and clinical pharmacy.

**Course Objectives:** This course will train the students with hands-on experiences, simulated clinical case studies in the following:

- 1. Methods to systematically approach and respond to drug information queries
- 2. How to interpret common laboratory reports to understand the need for optimizing dosage regimens
- 3. How to report suspected adverse drug reactions to the concerned authorities
- 4. Uses and methods of handling various medical/surgical aids and devices
- 5. How to interpret drug-drug interactions in the treatment of common diseases.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Professionally handle and answer the drug information queries
- 2. Interpret the common laboratory reports
- 3. Report suspected adverse drug reactions using standard procedures
- 4. Understand the uses and methods of handling various medical/surgical aids and devices
- 5. Interpret and report the drug-drug interactions in common diseases for optimizing the drug therapy

**Note:** Few of the experiments of Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy practical course listed here require adequate numbers of desktop computers with internet connectivity, adequate drug information resources including reference books, different types of surgical dressings and other medical devices and accessories. Various charts, models, exhibits pertaining to the experiments shall also be displayed in the laboratory.

#### Practicals

- 1. Systematic approach to drug information queries using primary / secondary / tertiary resources of information (2 cases)
- 2. Interpretation of laboratory reports to optimize the drug therapy in a given clinical case (2 cases)
- 3. Filling up IPC's ADR Reporting Form and perform causality assessments using various scales (2 cases)
- 4. Demonstration / simulated / hands-on experience on the identification, types, use / application /administration of
  - Orthopaedic and Surgical Aids such as knee cap, LS belts, abdominal belt, walker, walking sticks, etc.

- Different types of bandages such as sterile gauze, cotton, crepe bandages, etc.
- Needles, syringes, catheters, IV set, urine bag, RYLE's tube, urine pots, colostomy bags, oxygen masks, etc.
- 5. Case studies on drug-drug interactions (any 2 cases)
- 6. Wound dressing (simulated cases and role play –minimum 2 cases)
- 7. Vaccination and injection techniques (IV, IM, SC) using mannequins (5 activities)
- 8. Use of Hospital Pharmacy Software and various digital health tools

# Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

- 1. Typical profile of a drug to be included in the hospital formulary
- 2. Brief layout and various services of the Central Sterile Supplies Department (CSSD)
- 3. Various types of sterilizers and sterilization techniques used in hospitals
- 4. Fumigation and pesticide control in hospitals
- 5. Role of Pharmacists in Transition of Care: Discharge cards, post hospitalization care, medicine reconciliation activities in developed countries
- 6. Total parenteral nutrition and IV admixtures and their compatibility issues
- 7. Concept of electronic health records
- 8. Invasive and Non-invasive diagnostic tests HRCT, MRI, Sonography, 2D ECHO, X-rays, Mammography, ECG, EMG, EEG
- 9. Home Diagnostic Kits Pregnancy Test,\_COVID testing etc
- 10. Measures to be taken in hospitals to minimize Antimicrobial Resistance
- 11. Role and responsibilities of a pharmacist in public hospital in rural parts of the country
- 12. Safe waste disposal of hospital waste

# **Field Visit**

The students shall be taken in groups to visit a Government / private healthcare facility to understand and witness the various hospital and clinical pharmacy services provided. Individual reports from each student on their learning experience from the field visit shall be submitted.

# PHARMACY LAW AND ETHICS – THEORY

#### Course Code: ER20-26T

# 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

**Scope:** This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on several important legislations related to the profession of pharmacy in India

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following

- 1. General perspectives, history, evolution of pharmacy law in India
- 2. Act and Rules regulating the profession and practice of pharmacy in India
- 3. Important code of ethical guidelines pertaining to various practice standards
- 4. Brief introduction to the patent laws and their applications in pharmacy

- 1. Describe the history and evolution of pharmacy law in India
- 2. Interpret the act and rules regulating the profession and practice of pharmacy in India
- 3. Discuss the various codes of ethics related to practice standards in pharmacy
- 4. Interpret the fundamentals of patent laws from the perspectives of pharmacy

Chapter	Topics	Hours
1	General Principles of Law, History and various Acts related	2
	to Drugs and Pharmacy profession	
2	<b>Pharmacy Act-1948 and Rules:</b> Objectives, Definitions, Pharmacy Council of India; its constitution and functions, Education Regulations, State and Joint state pharmacy councils, Registration of Pharmacists, Offences and Penalties.	5
	Pharmacy Practice Regulations 2015	
3	Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940 and Rules 1945 and New Amendments Objectives, Definitions, Legal definitions of schedules to the Act and Rules Import of drugs – Classes of drugs and cosmetics prohibited from import, Import under license or permit.	23

	Manufacture of druge Drahibition of manufacture and	
	Manufacture of drugs – Prohibition of manufacture and sale of certain drugs, Conditions for grant of license and conditions of license for manufacture of drugs, Manufacture of drugs for test, examination and analysis, manufacture of new drug, loan license and repacking	
	license.	
	Study of schedule C and C1, G, H, H1, K, P, M, N, and X.	
	<b>Sale of Drugs</b> – Wholesale, Retail sale and Restricted license, Records to be kept in a pharmacy Drugs Prohibited for manufacture and sale in India	
	<i>Administration of the Act and Rules</i> – Drugs Technical Advisory Board, Central Drugs Laboratory, Drugs Consultative Committee, Government analysts, licensing authorities, controlling authorities, Drug Inspectors.	
4	Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act 1985 and Rules Objectives, Definitions, Authorities and Officers, Prohibition, Control and Regulation, Offences and Penalties.	2
5	DrugsandMagicRemedies(ObjectionableAdvertisements)Act 1954Objectives,Definitions,Prohibitionofcertainadvertisements,ClassesofExemptedadvertisements,OffencesandPenalties.	2
6	<b>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act-1960</b> : Objectives, Definitions, CPCSEA - brief overview, Institutional Animal Ethics Committee, Breeding and Stocking of Animals, Performance of Experiments, Transfer and Acquisition of animals for experiment, Records, Power to suspend or revoke registration, Offences and Penalties.	2
7	<b>Poisons Act-1919</b> : Introduction, objective, definition, possession, possession for sales and sale of any poison, import of poisons	2
8	FSSAI (Food Safety and Standards Authority of India) Act and Rules: brief overview and aspects related to manufacture, storage, sale, and labelling of Food Supplements	2

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9	National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority: Drugs Price Control Order (DPCO) - 2013. Objectives, Definitions, Sale prices of bulk drugs, Retail price of formulations, Retail price and ceiling price of scheduled formulations, Pharmaceutical Policy 2002, National List of Essential Medicines (NLEM)	5
10	<b>Code of Pharmaceutical Ethics</b> : Definition, ethical principles, ethical problem solving, registration, code of ethics for Pharmacist in relation to his job, trade, medical profession and his profession, Pharmacist's oath.	5
11	Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act and Rules – basic understanding, salient features, and Amendments	2
12	Role of all the government pharma regulator bodies – Central Drugs Standards Control Organization (CDSCO), Indian Pharmacopoeia Commission (IPC)	1
13	Good Regulatory practices (documentation, licenses, renewals, e-governance) in Community Pharmacy, Hospital pharmacy, Pharma Manufacturing, Wholesale business, inspections, import, export of drugs and medical devices	3
14	Introduction to BCS system of classification, Basic concepts of Clinical Trials, ANDA, NDA, New Drug development, New Drugs and Clinical Trials Rules, 2019. Brand v/s Generic, Trade name concept, Introduction to Patent Law and Intellectual Property Rights, Emergency Use Authorization	7
15	Blood bank – basic requirements and functions	2
16	Clinical Establishment Act and Rules – Aspects related to Pharmacy	2
17	Biomedical Waste Management Rules 2016 – Basic aspects, and aspects related to pharma manufacture to disposal of pharma / medical waste at homes, pharmacies, and hospitals	2
18	Bioethics - Basic concepts, history and principles. Brief overview of ICMR's National Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical and Health Research involving human participants	2
19	Introduction to the Consumer Protection Act	1
20	Introduction to the Disaster Management Act	1
21	Medical Devices – Categorization, basic aspects related to manufacture and sale	2

# Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

- 1. Requirements for Ayurvedic, Homeopathic manufacturing, sale, and licensing requirements
- 2. Layout and contents of official websites of various agencies regulating the profession of pharmacy in India: e.g., CDSCO, SUGAM portal, PCI, etc.
- 3. Licenses required, application processes (online/offline), drug regulatory office website of the respective state
- 4. Case studies actions taken on violation of any act / rule related to pharmacy
- 5. Schedule H1 drugs and its implementation in India
- 6. Counterfeit / Spurious medicines
- 7. Drug Testing Labs in India
- 8. Overview of Pharma marketing practices
- 9. Generic Medicines